FY23 PTS-Doula Best Practice Standards Initial Engagement/Screening & Assessment

| Principle | Practice | Benchmark | Documentation |
|--|---|--|---------------------|
| IE1 - By using weighted eligibility and targeting families with the highest need, programs can effectively address child abuse, neglect, and other poor outcomes. | A - HV&DN Doula programs serve participants that are reflective of their overall target population. Priority should be given to teens. | Enrolled participants are to be eligible to receive at least two years of services with children between prenatal and kindergarten entry. | Participant Files |
| IE2 - Programs are more likely to recruit and retain long-term participants when | B - Programs use a weighted eligibility system in addition to any other model requirements to determine program eligibility. Programs ensure that funder specific priority populations are part of the weighted eligibility criteria. Programs initiate Doula services at the beginning of the third trimester of | Programs enroll 80% of Doula participants by the seventh month of | D Participant Files |
| they initiate services prenatally or immediately after birth in order to form a trusting connection with new parents, and establish the program as a source of support and information. | pregnancy. | pregnancy. | |
| IE3 - Screening and assessment of family needs focuses on systematic identification of those families most in need of services and identifies the presence of key factors associated with an increased risk of child maltreatment and other poor childhood outcomes. | Programs clearly define their target population and maintain annual tracking of the number of births and other demographic characteristics. | 100% of programs define their target population and track the number of births. | T Program Abstract |

| Principle | Practice | Benchmark | Documentation |
|---|--|--|---|
| IE4 - Assessment of family needs occurs in an atmosphere of mutual respect and informed consent. | A - Programs maintain up- to-date signed HV&DN consents for services with all participants involved. B - Staff members obtain signed consent prior to any intake or assessment interviews and entry of participant information into DataPoints. Refusal to sign a consent form for entry of their information into DataPoints does not preclude a family from services. | 100% of participant files contain an up-to-date, complete and signed HV&DN program consent form. | Participant Files Participant Files |
| IE5 - Programs are most effective when they use intake and assessment information about family characteristics, background, history, and current functioning to plan services. | Staff members who assess families or gather intake data share that information with Family Support Workers, Doulas, and Prenatal Group facilitators and Program Supervisors. | 100% of staff members who complete intakes or assessments share intake information or assessment results with the service team. | Participant Files Program Narrative Supervision Notes |

FY23 PTS-Doula Best Practice Standards Doula Home Visiting

| Principle | Practice | Benchmark | Documentation |
|--|--|---|--|
| DHV1 - Home Visiting is the core family support and early childhood education service provided by HV&DN programs for pregnant and parenting | Doula Home Visits take place on a schedule determined in partnership with the family. | Programs assign 100% of families to the Doula Home Visiting model. | Participant Files Program Abstract Program Narrative |
| teens and their children. DHV2 - Doula Home Visiting is of sufficient | A - Doula Home Visits last between one and one and a | 80% of Doula Home Visits last between one and one | Case Notes |
| intensity to impact program outcomes. | half hours. B - Programs complete Doula Home Visits with all participants at the expected level of frequency for each family. | and a half hours. Doulas complete 80% of expected Doula Home Visits at the contracted level. | Case Notes Program Abstract |
| DHV3 - Doula Home Visits are parent-child focused and responsive to the health and development needs of parents and their children. The visit design promotes secure attachment and a healthy parent-child relationship. | A - Doulas plan and structure each visit to enable parents to understand each stage of prenatal development; understand and develop enjoyable prenatal and postpartum interaction with their child and develop parental interest and pride in their child's development. | | Case Notes Participant Files Supervisory Documentation |
| | B - Doulas share information about the benefits of breastfeeding and about risks of HIV transmission via | Doulas document discussions with participants about breastfeeding in case notes. 75% of participants initiate | Case Notes |
| | breastfeeding, using medically accurate curricula and materials. C - Doulas use universal precautions in work with infants and toddlers. | breastfeeding. | Constraint and the second secon |

| Principle | Practice | Benchmark | Documentation |
|--|---|--|---|
| DHV3 - Doula Home Visits will be parent-child focused and responsive to the health and development needs of parents and their children. The visit design promotes secure attachment and a healthy parent-child | D - Doulas discuss the risks of smoking during pregnancy and provide smoking cessation materials to participants who smoke. Materials may also be provided to family members who smoke, if interested | 100% of participants have information regarding tobacco use during pregnancy entered into DataPoints at intake. | C Case Notes |
| relationship. | E - Doulas discuss the risks of alcohol use during pregnancy and provide materials about alcohol and pregnancy to participants as needed. | 100% of participants have information regarding alcohol consumption during pregnancy entered into DataPoints at intake. | C Case Notes |
| | F - Community-Based FANA (FANA) trained Doulas engage pregnant participants in the prenatal FANA activities designed for their infant's gestational age and engage postpartum participants in the postnatal FANA activities during their infant's first month of | Doulas implement prenatal FANA activities a minimum of every other week during the last trimester of pregnancy and engage postpartum participants in the postnatal FANA activities at least once within the baby's first month of life. | Case Notes Supervisory Documentation |
| | life. | Doulas attend FANA training and complete certification within one year of hire. | Supervisory Documentation Training Records |
| | G - Doulas fully complete written documentation of Doula Home Visits within 72 hours of each visit and complete related data entry within one week of the visit. | | Case Notes Supervisory Documentation |
| DHV4 - In a manner respectful of each participant's cultural and religious beliefs, Doulas engage participants in discussions around the potential impact of subsequent births with the goal of supporting participants in making informed and intentional decisions. | Doulas provide all participants with information and support regarding the delay of subsequent births, effective family planning including; birth control and abstinence (as the only 100% protection from risk), and protection from STIs, including HIV/AIDS, using medically accurate curricula and materials. | 100% of participants have information regarding contraceptive use and STI prevention updated in DataPoints at a minimum of every six months. | Case Notes Participant Files Supervisory Documentation |

| Principle | Practice | Benchmark | Documentation |
|---|--|---|--|
| DHV5 - Programs conduct Doula Home Visits in a manner that supports the successful completion of personal and program goals as described in the birth plan. | A - Doulas develop a birth plan with each participant. | 90% of Doula participants have an up-to-date birth plan. | Participant Files Supervisory Documentation |
| | B - Doulas update child feeding information when available in DataPoints according to the following schedule: at birth, six weeks, six months, and one year. | 100% of children have birth and six-week feeding information updated in DataPoints. This standard applies to the target child and any subsequent children. | Participant Files |
| DHV6 - Programs provide Doula Home Visits in a manner that respects the family and cultural values of each participant. | A - Programs offer Doula services on a voluntary basis, using positive and persistent outreach efforts to build family trust and retain overburdened families in the program. | | Case Notes Participant Files Program Narrative Staffing Notes Supervisory Documentation |
| | B - Doulas and Supervisors encourage the support and involvement of fathers, grandparents and other primary caregivers. | Case notes and other program documentation reflect the Doula's encouragement of and support for the involvement of fathers and other family members. This includes documentation of who participates in the Doula Home Visits, who is at the birth, and any efforts the Doula makes to engage the father. | Case Notes Participant Files Program Narrative Supervisory Documentation |
| | C - Programs select and implement materials and curricula in a way that builds upon strengths inherent to each family's cultural beliefs. The materials used by the program reflect the language, ethnicity, and customs of the families served. | Programs identify at least one Doula Home Visiting curriculum in their Program Narrative. Doulas document the use of this curriculum in case notes. | Case Notes Program Narrative |

| Principle | Practice | Benchmark | Documentation |
|---|--|------------------------------|---------------------|
| DHV7 - Doulas provide | A - During the last trimester | Doulas complete 80% of | Case Notes |
| intensive, specialized | of pregnancy, participants | Doula Home Visits at the | 🗁 Program Abstract |
| services in order to improve | receive additional direct | expected frequency. | D Program Narrative |
| the perinatal health of | services provided through | | |
| mother and baby, support | the Doula program. These | | |
| parent-child attachment, and | include prenatal education, | | |
| improve the family's social- | support, advocacy with | | |
| emotional experience of | medical providers, and | | |
| labor and delivery. | preparation of a birth plan. | | |
| | B - Doula support and | 75% of Doula participants | Participant Files |
| | advocacy includes 24-hour | have a Doula-attended birth. | |
| | availability for attendance | | |
| | during labor and delivery. | | |
| | Doulas provide continuous | | |
| | support from the point of | | |
| | active labor through | | |
| | recovery, with respect to | | |
| | agency policy, backup | | |
| | procedures, and the overall | | |
| | well-being of both the | | |
| | mother and the Doula. | | |
| | C - Doula programs have | | Participant Files |
| | established written protocols | | 🗁 Program Files |
| | that outline procedures | | 🗁 Supervisory |
| | when Doulas go to the | | Documentation |
| | hospital, when Doulas call | | |
| | and utilize backup, and what | | |
| | communication is expected between the Doula and the | | |
| | Doula Supervisor while the | | |
| | Doula supervisor while the Doula is at the birth. | | |
| DHV8 - Doula services | Doulas support the young | 75% of participants initiate | 🗁 Case Notes |
| provide a supportive | parent's self-determination | breastfeeding. | |
| relationship that addresses | while encouraging prenatal | oreustreeding. | D Participant Files |
| the emotional work of the | care and the initiation of | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | newborn. | | |
| | | | |
| adolescent's emerging role as a mother and her developing attachment to her child. Doula services nurture the mother so that she can nurture the baby. | breastfeeding while promoting emotional availability and engagement with her developing | | |

FY23 PTS-Doula Best Practice Standards Prenatal Groups

| Principle | Practice | Benchmark | Documentation |
|---|--|---|--|
| PRE1 - Prenatal Group sessions challenge thinking and emphasize decision making about issues that affect the relationship | A - A portion of the Prenatal Group session focuses on the sharing of experiences and ideas of group members. | | Dicro Plans |
| between the parent and their unborn child. Prenatal Group activities provide opportunities for positive peer interaction. | B - A wide variety of activities and approaches is encouraged to bridge the range of learning and social skills of group members (i.e., games, videos, role- playing, guest speakers, recreational events, and community service projects). | Prenatal Group documentation reflects activities and approaches used in Prenatal Group sessions. | ← Micro Plans |
| | C - Curricula and other materials used in Prenatal Group is culturally competent and focused on common prenatal issues. Programs must discuss use of supplemental non- prenatal focused curricula with their HV&DN Program Advisor. | Prenatal Group macro and micro plans identify the topics, curricula, and materials used in Prenatal Group sessions. | Macro Plans Micro Plans |
| | D - Planning of Prenatal Group sessions reflects the input of participants, site staff, and birth plans. | | Group Evaluations Macro Plans Micro Plans Team Meetings |
| | E - Staff members use group meeting records, informal feedback, parent evaluations, and their own observations to improve Prenatal Group sessions. | | Process Notes Supervisory Documentation |

| Principle | Practice | Benchmark | Documentation |
|---|---|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| PRE2 - Prenatal Group | A - Prenatal Group | | 🗁 Macro Plans |
| services enhance the | facilitators provide all | | D Quarterly Narrative – |
| intensity and focus of Doula | participants with | | Group Topic Calendar |
| Home Visits with pregnant | information and support | | 1 1 |
| participants by promoting | regarding nutrition, the | | |
| integration of services. | female reproductive system, | | |
| Through integration, these | the process of normal labor, | | |
| interventions offer more | routine hospital practices, | | |
| intense and diverse services | basic newborn care, normal | | |
| that increase the chance of | newborn behaviors, feeding | | |
| achieving HV&DN desired | methods including | | |
| outcomes. | breastfeeding and formula | | |
| | preparation, and the normal | | |
| | physiological changes of the | | |
| | immediate postnatal period. | | |
| | B - Prenatal group facilitators cover the risks of | | Group Plans |
| | HIV transmission through | | D Quarterly Narrative – |
| | breastfeeding, using | | Group Topic Calendar |
| | medically accurate | | |
| | materials. | | |
| | C - Prenatal Group | | D Macro Plans |
| | facilitators encourage | | |
| | participants to identify a | | |
| | medical home for their child | | |
| | and share information | | |
| | regarding well-childcare | | |
| | and immunizations. | | |
| | D - Prenatal Group | | 🗁 Macro Plans |
| | facilitators encourage and | | |
| | support teens to return to | | |
| | school and provide | | |
| | information on identifying | | |
| | safe, high-quality childcare. | | |
| PRE3 - Prenatal Group | A part of each Prenatal | Each Prenatal Group session | 🗁 Micro Plans |
| services promote prenatal | Group meeting has activities | has a documented parent- | Process Notes |
| attachment and bonding by | that encourage connections | child activity. | |
| promoting and facilitating a | and positive interactions | | |
| healthy relationship between | between parent(s) and | | |
| mother and unborn child, | unborn child. | | |
| thus helping the parent | | | |
| develop emotional | | | |
| availability for the baby. | | | |
| PRE4 - Prenatal Group | A - Prenatal Group | | Attendance Log |
| services are an ongoing | membership and facilitators | | 🗁 Macro Plans |
| service strategy. The | are as consistent as possible. | | Dicro Plans |
| duration of the group is long | | | 🗁 Program Abstract |
| enough to sustain | | | č |
| relationships that promote trust and goal attainment. | | | |
| u usi allu goai attallillelli. | | | |

| Principle | Practice | Benchmark | Documentation |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| PRE4 - Prenatal Group | B - Each Prenatal Group | | 🗁 Macro Plans |
| services are an ongoing | meets for a minimum of one | | \square Process Notes |
| service strategy. The | and a half hours as part of a | | |
| duration of the group is long | six-to-eight-week session. | | D Program Abstract |
| enough to sustain | C - Programs hold a | Programs hold 90% of | Macro Plans |
| relationships that promote | minimum of 24 Prenatal | planned Prenatal Group | Program Abstract |
| trust and goal attainment. | Group sessions per fiscal | sessions. | |
| C C | year. | | |
| | D - Prenatal Group | | Attendance Logs |
| | documentation includes | | Macro Plans |
| | micro plans, attendance, and | | Micro Plans |
| | process notes for each | | |
| | session. | | D Process Notes |
| | E - Individuals responsible | | 🗁 Macro Plans |
| | for planning Prenatal | | |
| | Groups should create a | | |
| | macro plan that is reviewed | | |
| | during the annual program | | |
| | assessment. | | |
| | F - Prenatal Group | | Dicro Plans |
| | arrangements include a | | Program Abstract |
| | nutritious meal or snack. | | |
| | G - Programs complete a | | C Group Evaluations |
| | written evaluation plan for | | 🗁 Group Plans |
| | Prenatal Group services that | | Process Notes |
| | includes a procedure for | | |
| | gathering feedback from | | |
| | Prenatal Group participants. | | |
| | H - Staff members use | | 🗁 Process Notes |
| | group meeting records, | | C Supervisory |
| | informal feedback, parent | | Documentation |
| | evaluations, and their own | | |
| | observations to improve | | |
| | Prenatal Group sessions. | | |
| PRE5 - Prenatal Groups | Prenatal Groups promote | | C Group Evaluations |
| enable pregnant women, | transition to ongoing | | Process Notes |
| their partners, and their | program services such as | | 🗁 Quarterly Narrative |
| families to achieve a healthy | Home Visiting for both | | Report |
| pregnancy, optimal birth | enrolled participants and | | -r |
| outcome, and positive | those not yet actively | | |
| adaptation to parenting. | enrolled in the HV&DN | | |
| | program. | | |

FY23 PTS-Doula Best Practice Standards Program Structure & Governance

| Principle | Practice | Benchmark | Documentation |
|--|---|--|--|
| SG1 - HV&DN programs have the greatest chance of outcome achievement when their service activities are of sufficient intensity and link to the specific strengths, needs, and risk factors of the target group. | A - Programs clearly identify and define their target population and the planned intensity of services, including frequency and duration of contact. | 100% of programs use the Doula Home Visiting Model to determine frequency of Doula Home Visits. | Program Abstract |
| | B - Programs use a weighted eligibility system, in addition to any other model requirements, to determine eligibility for program services. Programs ensure that funder specific priority populations are part of the weighted eligibility criteria. Where slots are available, programs provide services to child welfare involved families regardless of income or other risk factors. | 100% of enrolled participants are below 400% of the Federal poverty level (https://aspe.hhs.gov/topics /poverty-economic- mobility/poverty- guidelines). Priority should be given to participants with incomes below 200% FPL. Participants between 200% and 400% FPL must be in one of the Early Learning Council's Priority populations (https://www2.illinois.gov/ sites/OECD/Events/Docum ents/Priority%20Populatio ns%20updated%202021.pd f) or experiencing at least one other risk factor. Scores on the weighted eligibility form should be used to prioritize enrollment. | |
| | C - No more than 20% of Doula participants receive short-term Doula Services | Programs enroll 80% of Doula participants in long- term Home Visiting services. | Participant Files Program Abstract Program Narrative |
| | D - For short-term Doula Services, programs transition the participant to ongoing family support or home visiting programs offered by community partners. | | Participant Files Program Narrative |

| Principle | Practice | Benchmark | Documentation |
|---|---|--|---|
| SG2 - The relationship between the staff member and the participant is primary to the delivery of | A - Programs maintain full enrollment. | Program enrollment is at least 85% of the expected numbers served per the Program Abstract. | Program AbstractProgram Narrative |
| quality services. The quality and intensity of that relationship affects the participants' initial engagement, ongoing participation, and retention in the program. | B - Program Supervisors have relationships with participants and conduct annual satisfaction surveys to ensure responsiveness to participant needs. | Programs complete annual satisfaction surveys, with a response rate of at least 25% of actively enrolled participants. | Program Files |
| SG3 - Delivery of relationship-based services to participants and their children begins with the nature of the relationship between the staff members in the program. | A - Staff members receive ongoing training and regularly scheduled supervision. Staff members meet individually with a Supervisor on a weekly basis. | Each staff member receives 46 individual supervisions per fiscal year. | Program Abstract Program Narrative Supervisory Documentation |
| | B - Doula programs ensure regular perinatal clinical support of Doulas and Doula Supervisors with face-to-face sessions that take place a minimum of once a month on site | Programs hold 75% of expected clinical support sessions. | Clinical Support Notes Program Abstract Program Narrative |
| | C - Programs base supervision on a process of reflection; stepping back from the work to explore the how's and why's of staff's actions and the impact of the work on that staff person. | | Program Narrative Supervisory Documentation |
| | D - Supervisors conduct observations of staff's direct work with families in Doula Home Visits and Prenatal Groups two times per year. | | Program Narrative Supervisory Documentation |
| | E - A minimum ratio of full- time supervisor to staff of 1:6 is expected. A ratio of 1:5 is optimal. The number of Parent Educators assigned to the Supervisor is adjusted proportionally when the Supervisor is not full-time. | | Program Abstract |

| Principle | Practice | Benchmark | Documentation |
|--|---|--|--|
| SG4 - Programs have a Director to supervise staff, promote and provide for coordination of services across components, and build collaboration in the community. This coordination is necessary to maximize the use of program and community resources, and to provide integrated services for pregnant and parenting teens and their children. | Programs have a 100% full-time Program Director. This person is responsible for program oversight (planning, implementation, and evaluation) and ensuring the coordination and integration of service components. | | Drogram Abstract |
| SG5 - Programs integrate Doula services into Home Visiting in a manner that allows participants to experience the unique benefits of each strategy and the combined effects of all. | Staff members in all service components share information relevant to participants' progress in order to keep services responsive and promote continuity in services. Programs hold monthly team meetings to coordinate and integrate services to participants. | Programs hold 75% of expected team meetings. | Program Abstract Program Narrative Team Meeting Notes |
| SG6 - Staff knowledge, skills, and support are essential to the delivery of quality services. Reflective supervision demonstrates an investment in staff development in addition to | A - Staff members have written staff development plans and Supervisors plan to release staff members from their duties to attend training that supports their work. | | Program Narrative Supervisory Documentation |
| the monitoring of staff activities. Programs implement reflective supervision as described earlier in these standards. | B - Staff members receive basic and ongoing training in key areas they encounter in their work with families. These include child and adolescent development, forming and maintaining an effective helping relationship, child abuse recognition and response, intimate partner violence, substance abuse, cultural competency, parent-child attachment, and community resources. | | Program Narrative Supervisory Documentation Training Records |

| Principle | Practice | Benchmark | Documentation |
|---|--|---|-------------------------|
| SG6 - Staff knowledge, | C - Doulas complete | Doulas attend the FSW | 🗁 Supervisory |
| skills, and support are essential to the delivery of | HV&DN approved training in addition to other Doula | track of HFA Integrated Strategies or, at a minimum, | Documentation |
| quality services. Reflective | certification. Participation | the two-day PAT Model | Training Records |
| supervision demonstrates an | for ongoing in-service | Implementation training | |
| investment in staff | training is required. | within the first six months | |
| development in addition to | | of their hire date and attend | |
| the monitoring of staff | | the first available Doula | |
| activities. Programs | | Basic training in | |
| implement reflective | | relationship to their hire | |
| supervision as described | | date. | |
| earlier in these standards. | | | |
| SG6 - Staff knowledge, | D - Doulas and Doula | Doulas and Doula | D Supervisory |
| skills, and support are | Supervisors attend a DONA | Supervisors complete | Documentation |
| essential to the delivery of quality services. Reflective | approved Birth Doula Training. | DONA training within three months of hire. | Training Records |
| supervision demonstrates an | E - Programs follow and | montus of mre. | 🗁 Supervisory |
| investment in staff | annually review with staff | | Documentation |
| development in addition to | members its policy | | Team Meeting Notes |
| the monitoring of staff | governing appropriate | | |
| activities. Programs | procedures for addressing | | C Server service server |
| implement reflective | child abuse and neglect in | | Documentation |
| supervision as described | alignment with state law. | | Training Records |
| earlier in these standards. | | | - |
| SG7 - All HV&DN | Programs select staff | | 🗁 Program Files |
| services are responsive to | members for their | | |
| the culture of the families served. | experience and expertise in working with the | | |
| served. | community and families | | |
| | served by the program, | | |
| | including an understanding | | |
| | of language, customs, and | | |
| | values. | | |
| SG8 - Programs select staff | A - Staff members are open | | 🗁 Program Files |
| members and volunteers in a | to flexible schedules to | | Drogram Policies and |
| manner that ensures they are | allow for connecting with | | Procedures |
| willing to work with high- | participants who are not | | 🗁 Supervisory |
| risk families, such as those | available during traditional | | Documentation |
| in which intimate partner violence or substance abuse | work hours. B - Staff members and | | |
| may be a concern. | volunteers have experience | | D Program Files |
| may be a concern. | or education related to | | |
| | parenting, family support, | | |
| | and child development. | | |
| | C - Staff members | | 🗁 Supervisory |
| | demonstrate the capacity to | | Documentation |
| | form positive trusting | | |
| | relationships through clear | | |
| | communication and | | |
| | acceptance of differences in | | |
| | values, beliefs, and practices. | | |
| | practices. | | |

| Principle | Practice | Benchmark | Documentation |
|--|---|---|---------------------|
| SG9 - The programs | A - Community partners | | Drogram Abstract |
| relationship with the | identified as referral sources | | Program Narrative |
| community is critical to supporting participant | for screening, assessment, and program intake must | | |
| success. Effective programs | match the program's target | | |
| for parents' link to | population and meet any | | |
| community services, | specific program model | | |
| organizations, and programs | requirements. | | |
| actively participate in relevant service networks, | | | |
| support effective referral | | | |
| relationships, and maintain | | | |
| visibility in the community | | | |
| as a source of support for | | | |
| families. | | | |
| | B - To ensure a regular flow of referrals for intake, | | Program Narrative |
| | programs develop and | | Team Meeting Notes |
| | maintain relationships with | | |
| | other community | | |
| | organizations that come into routine contact with | | |
| | pregnant teens, including | | |
| | but not limited to schools, | | |
| | health clinics, and social | | |
| | service agencies. | | |
| | C - Doula programs develop | | Program Abstract |
| | written linkage agreements, | | Program Files |
| | whenever possible, with any hospital(s) where Doulas | | 🗁 Program Narrative |
| | provide labor and delivery | | |
| | support to guarantee access | | |
| | of Doulas for attending | | |
| | births. | D 1000/ C | ~~ p |
| | D - Program interns and volunteers, when utilized, | Programs screen 100% of program interns and | Program Files |
| | are subject to the same | volunteers in the same | |
| | screening processes | manner as paid staff | |
| | programs use with paid staff | members. This includes all | |
| | members. In addition, | legally permissible | |
| | volunteers receive the same training and quality of | background checks, criminal history records, and | |
| | supervision as would a paid | civil child abuse and neglect | |
| | staff member with similar | registries. | |
| | duties. | - | |

| Principle | Practice | Benchmark | Documentation |
|------------------------------|--|-----------|---------------------|
| SG9 - The program's | E - To ensure | | Community Resource |
| relationship with the | comprehensive services for | | Directory |
| community is critical to | families, programs develop | | Program Narrative |
| supporting participant | and maintain knowledge of | | Team Meeting Notes |
| success. Effective programs | and working relationships | | |
| for parents' link to | with service providers that | | |
| community services, | address needs beyond the | | |
| organizations, and programs | scope of HV&DN services. | | |
| actively participate in | These include but are not | | |
| relevant service networks, | limited to schools, | | |
| support effective referral | alternative and vocational | | |
| relationships, and maintain | education, housing, | | |
| visibility in the community | financial assistance, health | | |
| as a source of support for | services, nutrition programs, | | |
| families. | recreational programs, | | |
| | mental health, early | | |
| | intervention, substance | | |
| | abuse, intimate partner | | |
| | violence services, and | | |
| | childcare. | | |
| SG10 - Programs are aware | A – Programs have | | Participant Files |
| of and sensitive to | established policies and | | 🗁 Program Files |
| participants' experiences of | procedures that allow for | | 6 |
| services. | virtual service delivery, | | |
| | based up on the needs of the family and the staff. | | |
| | Policies and procedures | | |
| | should include, but are not | | |
| | limited to, the elements | | |
| | outlined in the most recent | | |
| | IDHS/MIECHV/ISBE/DFS | | |
| | S COVID-19 Guidance for | | |
| | Home Visiting, CI, and | | |
| | Doula programs | | |
| | (https://www2.illinois.gov/s | | |
| | ites/OECD/Documents/Fina 1%20with%20all%20logos | | |
| | %20IDHS%20ISBE%20DF | | |
| | SS%20HV%20CI%20Doul | | |
| | a%20COVID- | | |
| | 19%20Guidance%202022.0 | | |
| | <u>6.14.pdf</u>). | | |
| SG11 - Programs participate | Programs cooperate with | | 🗁 Participant Files |
| in evaluation activities to | Start Early research and | | - |
| determine the effectiveness | evaluation efforts. This | | |
| of services. | includes obtaining informed | | |
| | consent in writing from | | |
| | participants in order to link | | |
| | names, addresses, and | | |
| | telephone numbers to | | |
| | participant identification | | |
| | numbers. | | |
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| Principle | Practice | Benchmark | Documentation |
|---|--|--|------------------|
| SG12 - Effective programs maintain complete records of service activities to allow for planning, to track progress, and to demonstrate accountability. | Programs maintain participant files with up-to- date information about service intensity, service content, and participant progress. Programs utilize DataPoints and cooperate with all elements of data collection, training, and reporting information as required by HV&DN. | 100% of program staff members who are responsible for data entry participate in DataPoints training. | Training Records |